IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) A method for determining properties of a sample surface using an atomic force microscope, comprising:

applying a first voltage between the sample and a probe;

moving the probe towards the surface of the sample;

stopping movement of the probe towards the surface of the sample when current in the probe is initially detected; and

applying a magnetic field to the probe such that the probe obtains stable contact with the surface of the sample.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the magnetic field is applied by a magnetic coil.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the probe is moved towards the sample by a piezoelectric scanner.
 - 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising: converting the current in the probe to a second voltage.
 - 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising:

amplifying the second voltage; and

generating an image representative of a sample surface property based on the amplified second voltage.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the magnetic field is applied to the probe after the movement of the probe towards the sample surface is stopped.
 - 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising: oscillating the magnetic field applied to the probe.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the probe is oscillated with an amplitude of 200 Oe and a frequency of 5 Hz for a duration of 2 cycles.
- 9. (Currently Amended) An atomic force microscope that determines characteristics of a surface of a specimen, comprising:

means for applying a first voltage between the \underline{a} sample and the \underline{a} probe;

means for moving the probe towards the surface of the sample;

means for stopping movement of the probe towards the surface of the sample when current in the probe is initially detected; and

means for applying a magnetic field to the probe such that the probe obtains stable contact with the surface of the sample.

- 10. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, wherein the means for applying a magnetic field is a magnetic coil.
- 11. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, wherein the means for moving the probe towards the sample is a piezoelectric scanner.

- 12. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, further comprising: means for converting the current in the probe to a second voltage.
- 13. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 12, further comprising:

 means for amplifying the second voltage; and

 means for generating an image representative of a sample surface property based on the
 amplified second voltage.
- 14. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, wherein the means for applying a magnetic field applies a magnetic field to the probe after the means for stopping movement of the probe stops movement of the probe towards the sample surface.
 - 15. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, further comprising: means for oscillating the magnetic field applied to the probe.
- 16. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 15, wherein the means for oscillating the probe oscillates the probe with an amplitude of 200 Oe and a frequency of 5 Hz for a duration of 2 cycles.
- 17. (Original) The atomic force microscope of claim 9, further comprising a means for supporting the sample, the means for applying a magnetic field being disposed on the means for supporting the sample.